OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019



CPAs & Business Advisors

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Oregon School Boards Association Salem, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oregon School Boards Association (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Oregon School Boards Association as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Jones & Roth, P.C.

Jones & Roth, P.C. Eugene, Oregon January 13, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020	 2019
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid expenses Investments	\$	5,095,491 547,471 495,588 37,701 73,885,301	\$ 4,289,011 202,677 600,303 125,170 80,005,173
Total current assets		80,061,552	 85,222,334
Investment in Local Government Center Trust		1,330,157	 1,246,792
Property and equipment Land Furniture and equipment Automobiles Building and building improvements Nondepreciable assets and work-in-process		1,976,831 802,254 299,234 1,009,364 - 4,087,683	 675,607 719,523 247,113 806,954 105,000 2,554,197
Accumulated depreciation		(683,758)	 (520,824)
Property and equipment, net		3,403,925	 2,033,373
Total assets	\$	84,795,634	\$ 88,502,499
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences Payroll liabilities Unearned revenue: Publication subscriptions Convention and conference fees Due to others Current portion of note payable	\$	73,517 238,666 200,172 2,550 - 33,431 63,238	\$ 91,873 178,735 228,420 52,140 32,380 41,181 -
Total current liabilities		611,574	 624,729
Note payable		324,171	 -
Total liabilities		935,745	 624,729
Net assets Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions		33,859,889 50,000,000	 37,877,770 50,000,000
Total net assets		83,859,889	 87,877,770
Total liabilities and net assets The accompanying notes are an integral part of	<u>\$</u> thes	84,795,634	\$ 88,502,499

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020					
		ithout Donor Restrictions		With Donor		Total
Revenues and support						
Membership dues	\$	672,290	\$	-	\$	672,290
Insurance trusts management fees		633,018		-		633,018
Convention and conference fees		447,672		-		447,672
Publication subscriptions		350,934		-		350,934
Contract services		1,639,930		-		1,639,930
Rental revenue		37,189		-		37,189
Endownment earnings		3,975,793		-		3,975,793
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		(3,028,927)		-		(3,028,927)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		10,170		-		10,170
Interest income		85,433		-		85,433
Miscellaneous revenue		159,033		-		159,033
Total revenues and support		4,982,535				4,982,535
Expenses						
Program		6,471,481		-		6,471,481
Administration		2,528,935		-		2,528,935
Total expenses		9,000,416		-		9,000,416
Change in net assets		(4,017,881)		-		(4,017,881)
Net assets, beginning of year		37,877,770		50,000,000		87,877,770
Net assets, end of year	\$	33,859,889	\$	50,000,000	\$	83,859,889

	2019							
Without Donor Restrictions			With Donor Resctrictions	Total				
\$	677,715	\$	-	\$	677,715			
	696,686		-		696,686			
	366,358		-		366,358			
	439,679		-		439,679			
	1,792,631		-		1,792,631			
	39,968		-		39,968			
	4,668,233		-		4,668,233			
	2,554,505		-		2,554,505			
	-		-		-			
	27,545		-		27,545			
	99,647				99,647			
	11,362,967				11,362,967			
	7,129,325 2,763,132		-		7,129,325 2,763,132			
	9,892,457				9,892,457			
	1,470,510		-		1,470,510			
	36,407,260		50,000,000		86,407,260			
<u>\$</u>	37,877,770	\$	50,000,000	<u>\$</u>	87,877,770			

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020					
		Program	Ad	ministration		Total
Salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes	\$	4,513,931	\$	1,442,652		5,956,583
Sub-contracts		92,010		177,070		269,080
Professional development		19,238		9,445		28,683
Meetings, conferences, and conventions		393,278		122,180		515,458
Travel		81,178		60,370		141,548
Vehicle expenses		6,536		20,428		26,964
Building expenses		77,181		46,309		123,490
Utilities		11,977		7,187		19,164
Office expenses		539,182		23,509		562,691
Computer expenses		150,415		90,249		240,664
Postage and printing		15,417		9,251		24,668
Professional fees		119,952		71,972		191,924
Insurance		71,251		42,750		114,001
Recruitment		-		14,934		14,934
Special projects		75,335		141,510		216,845
Dues and subscriptions		110,939		98,321		209,260
Depreciation		151,625		90,975		242,600
Miscellaneous		42,036		59,823		101,859
Total expenses	\$	6,471,481	\$	2,528,935	\$	9,000,416

 2019								
 Program	Ad	Iministration		Total				
\$ 4,508,045	\$	1,440,377	\$	5,948,422				
25,820		294,771		320,591				
48,482		20,974		69,456				
371,223		175,069		546,292				
88,197		58,453		146,650				
12,572		18,568		31,140				
79,536		47,721		127,257				
12,226		7,336	19,562					
541,928		25,157		567,085				
186,712		112,027		298,739				
9,181		5,509		14,690				
40,629		24,378		65,007				
66,852		40,110		106,962				
-		13,822		13,822				
852,175		129,568		981,743				
102,873		103,164		206,037				
135,755		81,453		217,208				
 47,119		164,675		211,794				
\$ 7,129,325	\$	2,763,132	\$	9,892,457				

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Change in net assets	\$	(4,017,881)	\$	1,470,510	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	Ŧ	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ŧ	.,,	
to net cash used by operating activities:					
Depreciation		242,600		217,208	
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments		3,028,927		(2,554,505)	
Amortization of bond premium		235,477		283,280	
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(10,170)			
Realized gain on sale of investments		(1,198,623)		(1,667,148)	
(Increase) decrease in:		(1,100,020)		(1,001,110)	
Accounts receivable		(344,794)		(71,193)	
Other current assets		192,183		(43,977)	
Increase (decrease) in:		102,100		(10,011)	
Accounts payable		(18,356)		(190,547)	
Accrued compensated absences		59,931		43,105	
Payroll liabilities		(28,248)		95,888	
Unearned revenue		(81,970)		13,809	
Other current liabilities		(7,750)		4,956	
Outer current habilities		(1,100)		4,000	
Net cash used by operating activities		(1,948,674)		(2,398,614)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchases of investments		(10,312,791)		(6,073,257)	
Proceeds from investments		14,283,517		11,741,504	
Purchase of property and equipment		(1,225,742)		(105,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		10,170		-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>			
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,755,154		5,563,247	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		806,480		3,164,633	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,289,011		1,124,378	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,095,491	\$	4,289,011	
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Noncash investing and financing activities:					
Gross purchase of property and equipment	\$	(1,613,151)	\$	(105,000)	
Real property financed under assumption of note payable	Ψ	387,409	Ψ	-	
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Durchass of property and assument	\$	(1,225,742)	\$	(105,000)	
Purchase of property and equipment	Ψ	(1,220,172)	Ψ	(100,000)	

1. Organization

The Oregon School Boards Association (OSBA or the Association) was organized in 1946 in Eugene, Oregon. It is a voluntary, incorporated association of local boards of education. The primary sources of revenue are from investment earnings, contract income for services rendered, and membership dues. Dues are collected from member districts annually; membership is voluntary.

Any school district, education service district, or community college may become a member of OSBA by applying and paying the annual membership dues. Membership can be terminated by a district at any time. OSBA may terminate membership for non-payment of fees.

OSBA is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

OSBA's records are maintained on an accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Net assets, revenues, and expenses are classified based on the existence or absence of outsideimposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of OSBA and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions - Revenue, gains, and other support that have no external restrictions on their use or purpose and can be used for any purpose consistent with the bylaws are without donor restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions include all assets available for general purposes.

Within this category are net assets without donor restrictions for financial reporting purposes that are considered conditionally restricted by the Board, available only upon a two-thirds majority vote by the Board. These reserves are being held in an endowment with the investment earnings being made available to fund OSBA's operations. In June 2019, the Board approved a policy to reduce the amount of net assets without Board restrictions to be at least 15 percent of OSBA's approved budget with a maximum of \$10,000,000, increasing board-restricted net assets to equal all net assets without donor restrictions in excess of that amount. The amount of board-restricted net assets was \$23,859,889 and \$27,877,770 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Revenue, gains and other support that have been restricted by external parties or by law are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. Effective July 1, 2008, the OSBA Employee Benefits Insurance Trust discontinued its operations. At that time, the Trust's balances were transferred to the Association pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The resolution for dissolution called for an establishment of a \$50,000,000 reserve to be held in perpetuity to protect the funds in a manner consistent with the agreement. These are considered net assets with restrictions that are perpetual in nature.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash balances in deposit accounts and amounts in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. Cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair market value.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting and represent membership dues, amounts due from reinsurance providers, and fees for services provided, as well as miscellaneous refunds. Due to the nature of the receivables and the likelihood of collection, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary by management.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are defined as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life of more than one year. Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation, which is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Donated property and equipment are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Useful lives are as follows: 3 to 5 years for furniture and equipment and automobiles, and 15 years for building improvements. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, was \$242,600 and \$217,208, respectively.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Employee vacation and sick leave policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. The liabilities for vested or accumulated vacation leave, compensatory time, and retirement benefits are reported on the statements of financial position. Total unpaid compensated absences at June 30, 2020 and 2019, were reported based on total vested hours multiplied by current wage rates.

No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by OSBA before it has a legal claim to them, as when membership dues are received in advance. In subsequent periods, when revenue earning criteria is met, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Liquidity and Availability of Resources

Financial assets available for general expenditure, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

		2020		2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,095,491	\$	4,289,011
Accounts receivable		547,471		202,677
Interest receivable		495,588		600,303
Investments		73,885,301		80,005,173
		80,023,851		85,097,164
Less: Board-designated funds		(23,859,889)		(27,877,770)
Less: Net assets with restrictions held in perpetuity		(50,000,000)		(50,000,000)
Financial assets available for general expenditure	<u>\$</u>	6,163,962	<u>\$</u>	7,219,394

See Basis of Accounting and Presentation section of Note 2 for discussion regarding the reductions from financial assets available for general expenditure.

Recent Accounting Standards Adopted

OSBA adopted ASU No. 2016-01, *Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10)* which requires a number of changes for the reporting and disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities including the requirement that all non-consolidated equity investments be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in change in net assets. OSBA adopted the new standard effective July 1, 2019, using a modified prospective approach in these financial statements; however the adoption of the new standard did not result in any change to previously reported financial assets or change in net assets.

Pursuant to ASU No. 2020-05, the effective date for ASU No. 2014-09 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606) and all subsequently issued clarifying ASUs were delayed until July 1, 2020 and OSBA did not elect to early adopt. These ASU's replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP and requires expanded disclosures related to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. As a result, ASU 2014-09 and subsequently issued clarifying ASUs will be effective for OSBA beginning July 1, 2020.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The Association allocates its expenses on a functional basis among its program and support services. Direct expenses are allocated using distinct cost centers. Certain shared expenses are allocated pro-rata among the different departments of the Association. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and support services.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

		2020		2019
Petty cash	\$	175	\$	175
Demand deposits		2,566,538		1,413,731
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool		2,528,778		2,875,105
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	5,095,491	<u>\$</u>	4,289,011

OSBA maintains its cash in a bank deposit account with a financial institution, at times in excess of the federally insured amount of \$250,000. Financial institutions insure these balances in excess of the federally insured amount via the Oregon State Treasurer's office by designating these balances as Public Funds per Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 295.

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short-Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is a part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the carrying value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Pool approximates fair value. The investment in the Oregon Short-Term Fund is not subject to risk evaluation and principal is not guaranteed or insured.

4. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value as determined by quoted market prices and consist of mutual funds that are invested primarily in debt and equity securities.

Fair Value Measurements

OSBA uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, the fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is best determined based upon quoted market prices. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument.

FASB ASC 820 provides a consistent definition of fair value, which focuses on exit price in an orderly transaction (that is, not forced liquidation or distressed sale) between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. If there has been a significant decrease in the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability, a change in valuation technique or the use of multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. In such instances, determining the price at which willing market participants would transact at the measurement date under current market conditions depends on the facts and circumstances and requires the use of significant judgment. The fair value is a reasonable point within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions.

4. Investments, continued

Fair Value Measurements, continued

In accordance with FASB ASC 820, OSBA groups its financial assets and financial liabilities generally measured at fair value based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value.

- Level 1: Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets and liabilities generally include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation is based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. The valuation may be based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Valuation is based on unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following tables present OSBA's fair value hierarchy for those assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30:

	Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2020					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Debt securities:						
Governmental bonds	\$ 4,207,63	32 \$ -	\$-	\$ 4,207,632		
Corporate bonds	-	39,463,574	-	39,463,574		
Foreign bonds and notes	-	1,921,806	-	1,921,806		
Private placements	-	820,188	-	820,188		
Equity securities:						
U.S. equities	19,450,87	- 07	-	19,450,870		
International equities	4,905,95	51 -	-	4,905,951		
Real estate investment trusts			3,115,280	<u>3,115,280</u>		
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 28,564,45</u>	<u>53</u> <u>\$ 42,205,568</u>	<u>\$ 3,115,280</u>	<u>\$ 73,885,301</u>		

4. Investments, continued

Fair Value Measurements, continued

	Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2019					
		Level 1	Level 2	_	Level 3	Total
Debt securities:						
Governmental bonds	\$	5,123,869	\$-	\$	-	\$ 5,123,869
Corporate bonds		-	41,832,828		-	41,832,828
Foreign bonds and notes		-	1,755,799		-	1,755,799
Private placements		-	1,745,955		-	1,745,955
U.S. federal agencies		-	1,012,020		-	1,012,020
Equity securities:						
U.S. equities		19,825,955	-		-	19,825,955
International equities		6,433,749	-		-	6,433,749
Real estate investment trusts					2,274,998	2,274,998
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$</u>	<u>31,383,573</u>	<u>\$ 46,346,602</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,274,998	<u>\$ 80,005,173</u>

The following tables set forth a summary of changes in the fair value of Level 3 assets for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Asset Backed Securities	Real Estate Investment Trusts	Total
Balance, July 1, 2018	\$ 1,049,160	\$ 1,993,289	\$ 3,042,449
Unrealized gain	14,585	281,709	296,294
Purchases, sales, settlements and other reductions (net)	(1,063,745)	<u> </u>	(1,063,745)
Balance, June 30, 2019	-	2,274,998	2,274,998
Unrealized gain Purchases, sales, settlements and other	-	134,309	134,309
reductions (net)		705,973	705,973
Balance, June 30, 2020	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,115,280</u>	<u>\$ 3,115,280</u>

Investment Objectives

OSBA's investment objectives are ranked in order of importance. No speculative activity on securities is permitted.

- A. To retain liquidity and provide income to meet projected or unexpected cash needs.
- B. To attain the best possible total return (yield and market appreciation) while retaining liquidity and minimizing risk.
- C. To assure the safety of principal.

4. Investments, continued

Investment Securities Diversification

Permitted Transactions:

- A. Federally insured certificates of deposits, savings accounts, and money market funds that invest in government backed securities.
- B. Bank repurchase agreements, banker acceptances, and commercial paper.
- C. U.S. Treasury Bills and U.S. Government Securities that are backed by full faith of the U.S. government.
- D. Investment grade (BBB) of better individual corporate or municipal bonds.
- E. Exchange traded funds.
- F. Open-end and closed-end mutual funds.
- G. Equities of corporations listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), American Stock Exchange (AMEX), and large and medium capitalization companies listed on National Association of Securities Dealers Exchange (NASDAQ).
- H. Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs).
- I. Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs).

Fixed Income Securities:

- A. In addition to government treasuries and agencies, all other marketable issues held should have a minimum quality rating of investment grade or better at time of purchase as designated by a recognized rating service. For purposes of commercial paper holdings, issues held should have a minimum quality rating of "A1-P1", as defined by a recognized rating service.
- B. The average duration will not exceed 10 years.
- C. The maximum investment in any one fixed income security will be limited to 5 percent of the fixed income portfolio, at time of purchase (government and agency obligations are excluded from this limitation).
- D. Commercial paper and repurchase agreements, as well as convertible securities and bonds, are considered acceptable assets.

4. Investments, continued

Diversification:

- A. In order to minimize the risk of large losses in individual security positions, the portfolio will be constructed to attain extensive diversification in both equity and fixed income investments with no material concentration of plan assets in any single security or industry group with the exception of U.S. government and agency obligations.
- B. Economic sectors: It is expected that the equity component of the portfolio will reflect a broad economic sector diversification.

The OSBA Board of Directors has adopted the following asset allocation formula for OSBA's investment manager. The formula is consistent with the desired objectives and risk tolerances of the funds.

Asset Category	Preferred Allocation	<u>Total Range</u>
Equities	40%	20 - 50%
Bonds/fixed income	55%	30 - 70%
Cash/equivalents	5%	0 - 20%

The above formula may be altered to either reduce market risk or optimize opportunities to capitalize on expected market movement.

5. Note Payable

During the year ended June 30, 2020, OSBA assumed an installment note payable as part of a purchase of real property.

At June 30, note payable consisted of the following:

		2020		2019
Note payable to Bellinger Bros, LLC with principal and interest payments of \$7,500 beginning July 2020 and principal and interest payments of \$7,000 beginning September 2020, interest rate at 6.00%. Final payment of principal and interest due November 2025, secured by land and building.	\$	387,409	\$	_
Current portion		(63,238)		
Note payable, net of current portion	<u>\$</u>	324,171	<u>\$</u>	

5. Note Payable, continued

Annual maturities of note payable obligations in each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

For the Year Ending December 31,		
2021	\$	63,238
2022		66,355
2023		70,447
2024		74,792
2025		79,405
Thereafter		33,172
Total	<u>\$</u>	387,409

6. Retirement Plans

Plan Description

Contributions are made to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund (OPERF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, post-employment health care benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

PERS is administered under ORS Chapter 238. ORS 238.620 establishing the Public Employees Retirement Board as the governing body of PERS. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by writing to PERS, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700 or by calling 1-503-598-7377.

Members of PERS are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary covered under the plan. The Association is required by ORS 238.225 to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate effective July 1, 2019, is 28.02 percent of salary covered under the plan for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees and 20.31 percent for employees covered under the Oregon Public Services Retirement Plan (OPSRP). The contribution requirements for plan members are established by ORS Chapter 238 and may be amended by an act of the Oregon Legislature. The contributions to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, were \$1,065,873 and \$902,496, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for the year.

The Association elected to contribute the 6 percent "pick-up" of the employee's portion starting January 1, 2005.

In the 2003 legislative session, the Oregon Legislative Assembly created a successor plan for PERS. The OPSRP is effective for all new employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. The new plan consists of a defined benefit program (the Pension Program) and a defined contribution portion (the Individual Account Program or IAP). The Pension Program portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions.

6. Retirement Plans, continued

Plan Description, continued

Benefits are calculated by a formula for members who attain normal retirement age. The formula takes into account final average salary and years of service.

Beginning January 1, 2004, all PERS member contributions go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. PERS members retain their existing PERS accounts, but any future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP, not the member's PERS account. Those employees who had established a PERS membership prior to creation of OPSRP will be members of both the PERS and OPSRP systems as long as they remain in covered employment.

The Association's pension liability and the annual required contribution rate were determined using the entry age cost method. The unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) created by this method, including gains and losses, is amortized as a level percentage of salary over a period commencing on the valuation date (2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, and 2011) and ending on December 31, 2027, using closed amortization. Beginning in 2007, each valuation's UAL will be amortized over 20 years, again using closed amortization. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the actuarial assumptions include an investment return of 7.20 percent, inflation of 2.50 percent, and payroll growth of 3.50 percent.

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Liability Accrued	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	rial Funded Covered			UAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2019	\$ 7,484,166	\$ 7,484,166	71%	•	3,647,493	205%
12/31/2018	\$ 8,701,013	\$ 8,701,013	68%		3,693,299	236%

The actuary has determined that there is no implicit subsidy to recognize.

7. Investment in Local Government Center Trust

The Local Government Center Trust was established by OSBA, together with the League of Oregon Cities and the Association of Oregon Counties, to hold title to jointly-owned property. The Local Government Center, owned by the organizations, houses the operations of these organizations. Each organization is entitled to an undivided interest in properties held by the Trust according to the distribution ratio of the Declaration of Trust, as amended. Each organization is required to pay its proportionate share of expenditures for operation and maintenance of the building, reimbursements for purchases of property and equipment, reimbursements for other services provided, and monthly payments for reserve purposes.

7. Investment in Local Government Center Trust, continued

Investment in the Local Government Center Trust, at cost, consists of the following:

		2020	2019	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68,511	\$ 39	,060
Accounts receivable		7,777	5	,727
Land and improvements		270,534	270	,534
Non-depreciable assets		-	22	,304
Building and improvements		2,026,352	1,896	,369
Furniture and equipment		60,196	47	,225
Accumulated depreciation		(1,097,135)	(1,031	,573)
Accounts payable		(6,078)	(2	. <u>,854</u>)
Total investment in Local Government Center Trust	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,330,157</u>	<u>\$ 1,246</u>	<u>,792</u>

Separate financial statements for the Local Government Center Trust for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, are available from OSBA.

8. Related Party Transactions

The following transactions occurred during the period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020, between the Association and other organizations which were related through common ownership, boards, and management:

Company Name	Type of Revenue or Payable / Receivable Balance	Ar	nount
Local Government Center Trust	Accounts receivable	\$	8,815
Local Government Center Trust	Property and		
	equipment		41,369
Local Government Center Trust	Operating expenses	1	90,093
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Accounts receivable	4	63,153
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Sponsorship		50,000
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Administration charges	6	33,018
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Legal services	1,2	05,669
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Expenses		1,675
Special Districts Association of Oregon	Salaries and benefits		68,512

The following transactions occurred during the period beginning July 1, 2018 and ending June 30, 2019, between the Association and other organizations which were related through common ownership, boards, and management:

8. Related Party Transactions, continued

Company Name	Type of Revenue or Payable / Receivable Balance	Amount
Local Government Center Trust	Accounts receivable	\$ 7,252
Local Government Center Trust	Accounts payable	11,184
Local Government Center Trust	Expenses	132,799
OSBA Legal Assistance Trust	Accounts receivable	4,894
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Sponsorship	50,000
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Administration charges	696,686
OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education	Legal services	1,276,253
Special Districts Association of Oregon	Salaries and benefits	172,939

Revenue from OSBA Property and Casualty Coverage for Education (PACE) accounted for 38 percent and 18 percent of total revenues and support for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Accounts receivable from PACE accounted for 85 percent of receivables as of June 30, 2020. There were no receivables from PACE as of June 30, 2019.

9. Funding Agreement

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Association entered into an agreement with the Oregon Association of School Business Officials (OASBO), to assist in providing funds to OASBO for the purpose of acquiring data analytic products for school districts throughout the state of Oregon. As part of this agreement, the Association will pay a total sum of \$1,500,000 over the course of 3 years so that OASBO can make requisite purchases under the agreement. The installments are due in July of each year. \$500,000 was paid during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. \$500,000 will be due in the year ending June 30, 2021.

10. Uncertainties

The COVID-19 virus outbreak in the United States has resulted in significant economic uncertainties. As of the date of the independent auditor's report, the Association has not yet experienced significant disruption in its operation as a result of this health crisis. However, a prolonged crisis could change those circumstances and might result in a negative impact to the Trust. The likelihood and extent of any such financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

11. Subsequent Events

Management evaluates events and transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date as potential subsequent events. Management has performed this evaluation through the date of the independent auditor's report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF AMOUNTS DUE TO OTHERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Property and Casualty Coverage for Education (PACE) Revenues:	
PACE day	\$ 225
Expenses:	2 275
Other	 3,375
Expenses in excess of revenues	(3,150)
Balance - July 1, 2019	 3,150
Balance - June 30, 2020	
Oregon Council of School Attorneys Revenues:	
Dues	8,120
Expenses:	
Dues	 12,720
Expenses in excess of revenues	(4,600)
Balance - July 1, 2019	 38,031
Balance - June 30, 2020	 33,431
Total amounts due to others	\$ 33,431

OREGON SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION SCHEDULE OF AMOUNTS DUE TO OTHERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Property and Casualty Coverage for Education (PACE) Revenues:	
PACE day	\$ 4,350
Expenses:	
Other	 4,250
Revenues in excess of expenses	100
Balance - July 1, 2018	 3,050
Balance - June 30, 2019	 3,150
Oregon Council of School Attorneys Revenues:	
Dues	10,150
Expenses:	
Dues	 4,060
Revenues in excess of expenses	6,090
Balance - July 1, 2018	 31,941
Balance - June 30, 2019	 38,031
Total amounts due to others	\$ 41,181