

## **CORPORAL PUNISHMENT**

The use of corporal punishment in any form is strictly prohibited by the district and will be considered cause for discipline up to and including dismissal. Corporal punishment is defined as the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain.

A staff member is authorized to employ physical force when, in his/her professional judgment, the physical force is necessary to prevent a student from harming himself/herself, others or doing harm to district property.

Corporal punishment does not include physical pain or discomfort resulting from or caused by:

1. Training for or participation in athletic competition voluntarily engaged in by a student;
2. Recreational activity voluntarily engaged in by a student;
3. Physical exertion shared by all students in a teacher-directed class activity, which may include, but is not limited to, physical education exercises, field trips or vocational education projects;
4. Physical restraint or the use of aversive techniques as a part of a behavior management program in a student's individualized education program which has been signed by the parents and is carried out according to district procedures.

## **USE OF RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION**

The use of physical restraint and/or seclusion is permitted only as a part of a behavior support plan when other less restrictive interventions would not be effective and the student's behavior poses a threat of imminent, serious physical harm to self or others.

Except in the case of an emergency, only staff current in the required training in accordance with the district-designated physical restraint and seclusion training program will implement physical restraint or seclusion with a student. In an emergency, physical restraint and/or

Coordinate with policy JGAB- Use of Restraint and Seclusion and administrative regulations.

### **Notice required.**

Coordinate with policy JGA - Corporal Punishment.

seclusion may also be used by a school administrator, teacher or other school employee [or volunteer] as necessary to prevent a student from harming his/herself, students, staff or others or from causing damage to district property. The use of physical restraint/seclusion under these circumstances is only allowed so long as the students behavior poses a threat of imminent, serious physical harm to themselves, others or district property. Any student being restrained or secluded within the district whether an emergency or as part of a plan shall be constantly monitored by staff for the duration of the intervention. Any room used for seclusion of a student must allow staff full view of the student in all areas of the room and be free of potentially hazardous conditions such as unprotected light fixtures and electrical outlets.

### **DISMISSAL OF CLASSES**

Teachers should never dismiss a class before the established dismissal time. Detaining the entire class after dismissal time is also discouraged. Whenever individual students are detained after class, the teacher is expected to provide the student a note for the student's next class teacher. This will help reduce unnecessary hall traffic as students reporting to class late will need to account for their tardiness.

### **DRUG, ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO PREVENTION, HEALTH EDUCATION**

The district will not tolerate the possession, sale or use of unlawful and harmful drugs (illicit drugs, nontherapeutic use of prescribed drugs, misuse of solvents and other dangerous substances and drug paraphernalia), alcohol or tobacco in the schools, on district property, on a school bus or while participating in any school-sponsored activity, whether on district property or at sites off district property.

Given the extensive use and the formal and informal promotion of drug, alcohol and tobacco use in society, the school has an obligation to provide drug, alcohol and tobacco education that emphasizes prevention, describes intervention and referral procedures and outlines consequences. [No district employee shall knowingly sell, market or distribute steroid or performance enhancing substances to kindergarten through 12th grade students with whom the employee has had contact as part of the employee's district duties, or knowingly endorse

Coordinate with policy IGAEB - Drug, Alcohol and Tobacco Prevention, Health Education.

or suggest the use of such substances.]

An age-appropriate drug, alcohol and tobacco prevention curriculum is provided for all students in grades K-12 as a part of the health education curriculum. For students in grades 9-12 not enrolled in health education classes, a program of activities which meets the requirements of the drug, alcohol and tobacco prevention rule has been developed. At least annually, senior high school students will receive age-appropriate instruction.

Funds needed to support activities related to drug, alcohol and tobacco prevention are identified by source, particularly the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act moneys or other grants received from federal, state or local sources.

Each year a planned staff development and public information program that addresses the needs and responsibilities for the entire staff is developed by the [superintendent]. The program includes current basic drug, alcohol and tobacco information and an explanation of district drug, alcohol and tobacco policies, procedures and programs. The input of staff in planning and implementing the district's staff development and public information program is encouraged to ensure a drug, alcohol and tobacco program that best meets the needs of district students.